

## MARINE RADIO CHANNELS

### Calling Channels (US)

<b>Emergency (Coast Guard)</b>	<b>16</b>
Non-Emergency	09

### Working Channels (US)

Emergency (Coast Guard)	22
Ship to Ship Safety	06
Non Emergency (Rec Boaters)	68, 69, 71, 72, 78
Navigational (Ship, Bridge, Locks, Etc)	13
Marine Operator (Marine Phone)	24-28, 84-87
Port Operations	12, 14, 20, 66, 73, 74
Commercial Shipping	01, 07-11, 18, 19, 63, 67, 79, 80, 88

## MARINE RADIO EMERGENCY SIGNALS

MAYDAY - The distress signal - Immediate Danger.

PAN PAN - The urgency signal - Not Immediate Danger

SECURITE - The safety signal – Navigational Safety

## MARINE DISTRESS PROCEDURE

**Speak -- slowly -- clearly -- calmly.**

1. Make sure your radio is on.
2. Select **VHF Channel 16** (156.8 MHz).
3. Say: **"MAYDAY – MAYDAY - MAYDAY."**
4. Say: **"THIS IS THE 24 FT SAILBOAT – NORTH STAR"**
5. Say: **"MAYDAY – NORTH STAR"**
6. Say where you are:
7. State the nature of your distress
8. Give number of persons aboard and conditions of any injured.
9. Estimate present seaworthiness of your ship.
10. Say: **"I AM ON THE 24 FT SAILBOAT NORTH STAR WITH WHITE HULL AND SAIL# 10"**
11. Say: **"I WILL BE LISTENING ON CHANNEL 16."**
12. Say: **"THIS IS NORTH STAR - OVER."**
13. Release microphone button and listen. Someone should answer. If not, repeat call, beginning at Item 3 above.

## DISTRESS SIGNALS

Coast Guard Cleveland 216-937-0111

Coast Guard Fairport Harbor 440-352-3111



RED STAR SHELLS



FOG HORN CONTINUOUS SOUNDING



FLAMES ON A VESSEL



GUN FIRED AT INTERVALS OF 1 MIN.

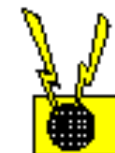


ORANGE BACKGROUND BLACK BALL AND SQUARE

SOS



SOS



"MAYDAY" BY RADIO



PARACHUTE RED FLARE



DYE MARKER (ANY COLOR)



CODE FLAGS NOVEMBER CHARLIE



SQUARE FLAG AND BALL



WAVE ARMS



RADIO-TELEGRAPH ALARM



RADIO-TELEPHONE ALARM

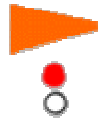

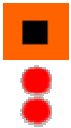



POSITION INDICATING RADIO BEACON

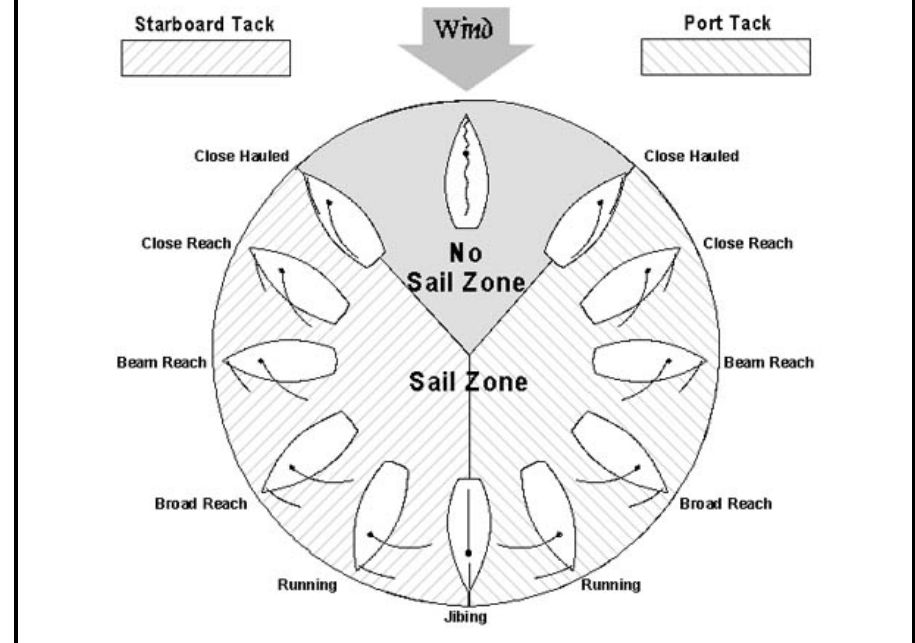


SMOKE

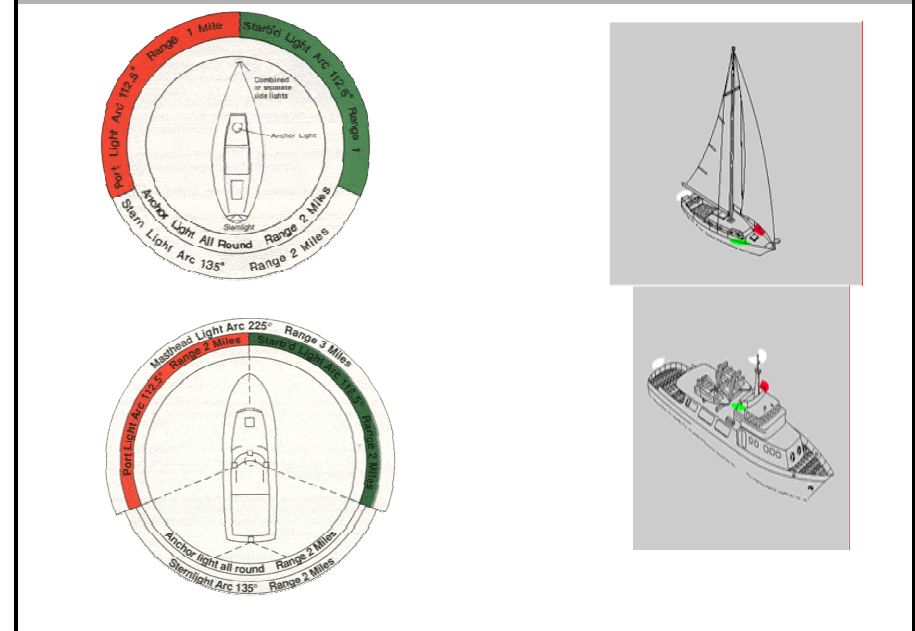
## WIND CHARTS

Scale	Mph/Knots	Signals	Effects
<b>0 Calm</b>	<1 mph <1 knots		Still, calm air, smoke will rise vertically. Water is mirror-like.
<b>1 Light Air</b>	1-3 mph 1-3 knots		Rising smoke drifts. Small ripples appear on water surface.
<b>2 Light Breeze</b>	4-7 mph 4-6 knots		Can feel wind on your face. Small wavelets develop.
<b>3 Gentle Breeze</b>	8-12 mph 7-10 knots		Leaves and small twigs move. Wave crests start to break.
<b>4 Moderate Breeze</b>	13-18 mph 11-17Knots		Small branches move. Small waves develop, whitecaps
<b>5 Fresh Breeze</b>	19-24 mph 17-21knots Small Craft Advisory		Small trees sway. White crested wavelets, whitecaps form, some spray.
<b>6 Strong Breeze</b>	25-31 mph 22-27knots		Large tree branches move. Larger waves, whitecaps, spray.
<b>7 Near Gale</b>	32-38 mph 28-33knots		Large trees sway. Larger waves developing, breaking waves.
<b>8 Gale</b>	39-46 mph 34-40knots Gale Warning		Twigs and small branches are broken from trees, walking is difficult. Moderately large waves with blown foam.
<b>9 Strong Gale</b>	47-54 mph 41-46knots		Shingles are blown off of roofs. Blowing spray reduces visibility.
<b>10 Storm</b>	55-63 mph 48-55knots Storm Warning		Trees are broken or uprooted, building damage is considerable. Large waves (6-9 meters), sea becomes white with foam.
<b>11 Violent Storm</b>	64-72 mph 56-63knots		Extensive widespread damage. White foam, visibility reduced.
<b>12 Hurricane</b>	73+ mph 64+ knots Hurricane Warning		Extreme destruction, devastation. Large waves over 14 meters, air filled with foam, sea white with foam and driving spray, little visibility.

## POINTS OF SAIL



## VESSEL LIGHTS



## SPEED

### 50 Ft Log Line Time Vs Speed In Knots

30 Sec	1 Knots	6 Sec	5 Knots
15 Sec	2 Knots	5 Sec	6 Knots
10 Sec	3 Knots	4.25 Sec	7 Knot
7.5 Sec	4 Knots	3.75 Sec	8 Knots

## DISTANCE USING ANGLES

### Estimating Angles

Index finger	2 Degrees
Index and middle finger	4 Degrees
Index, middle and ring finger	6 Degrees
Wink Distance	6 Degrees
Index, middle, ring and little finger	8 Degrees
All fingers and thumb	10 Degrees
Fist	12 Degrees
Hand with extended thumb	15 Degrees
Hand w/ Extended Thumb & little Finger	20 Degrees

### Estimating Distance - All Angles

Height of Object / (100* Angle)	= Statue Miles
(Height of Object / (100* Angle)) / 1.15	= Nautical Miles
(Height of Object / (100* Angle)) * 5280	= Feet

### Estimating Distance - Specific Angles

3 Deg	Height of Object * 20	= Feet
	Height of Object * 20 / 5280	= Statue Miles
	Height of Object * 20 / 6076	= Nautical Miles
6 Deg	Height of Object * 10	= Feet
	Height of Object * 5	= Feet

## DISTANCE TO A STORM

Sec between Lightning and Thunder / 5	= Statue Miles
(Sec between Lightning and Thunder / 5) / 1.15	= Nautical Miles

## DEFINITIONS

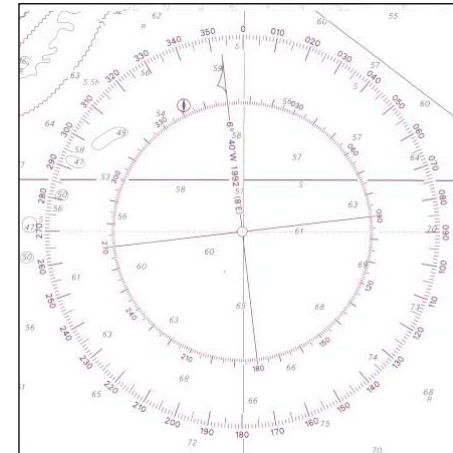
Statue Miles = 5280 Ft	Nautical Miles = 6076 Ft
------------------------	--------------------------

## DISTANCE USING THE HORIZON

$\text{Square Root (Height of the Observer)} = \text{Statue Miles}$   
 $\text{Square Root (Height of the Observer)} / 1.15 = \text{Nautical Miles}$   
 $\text{Square Root (Height of the Object)} = \text{Statue Miles}$   
 $\text{Square Root (Height of the Object)} / 1.15 = \text{Nautical Miles}$   
 Add together to get the two distances when you first see the top of an object on the Horizon



## COMPASS



**Magnetic Variation in Cleveland is 8 Deg 30 Seconds.**

Example 1

Magnetic Reading is 270'

True Reading is 270' - 8' 30" = 261' 30"

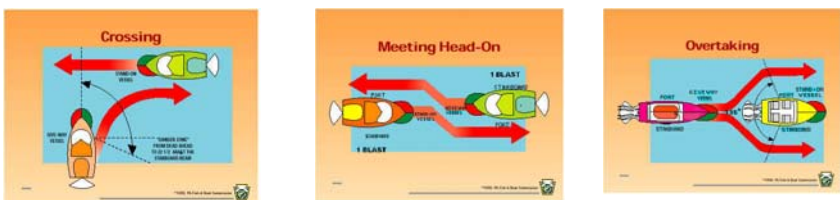
Example 2

True Course is 320'

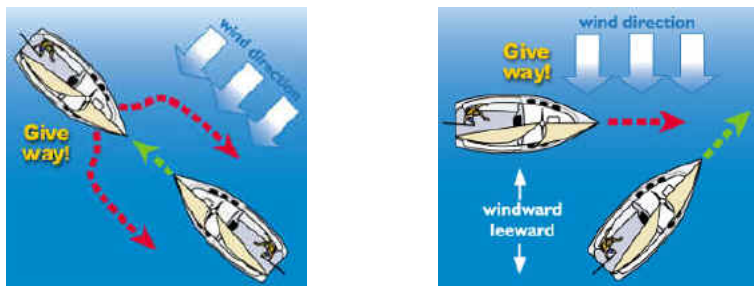
Magnetic Course is 320' + 8' 30" = 328' 30"

# RULES OF THE ROAD

## Power Vessels



## Sailing Vessels



1. Wind on different sides  
Port Side – Give Way      Starboard Side – Stand on
2. Wind on the same side  
Windward Side – Give Way      Leeward Side – Stand On
3. If unclear of the wind direction      Give Way

## RIGHT OF WAY (Pecking Order)

1. Overtaken vessel (top priority)
2. Vessel not under command.
3. Vessel restricted in its ability to maneuver
4. Vessel constrained by its draft
5. Fishing vessel (commercial fishing or trawling, not trolling)
6. Sailing vessel (engine not on)
7. Power-driven vessel-

## Aids to Navigation Abbreviations

1. Flashing (2) –	Fl(2)	5. Isophase -	Iso
2. Flashing	Fl	6. Morse Code -	MO
3. Occulting	Oc	7.	
4. Quick Flashing -	Q	8.	

